

RASPBERRY PI RADIO SDR, WSPR AND MORE!

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TOPICS

- •What's a Raspberry Pi?
- •What can I do with it?
- •How do I get started?

WHAT'S A RASPBERRY PI?



- A tiny, credit-card sized, low cost computer
 - The Raspberry Pi Foundation UK based educational charity
 - Initially intended to be an educational tool
 - Been a big hit in schools and the "maker" world
 - Cheap! \$5 for the Rpi Zero, \$35 for an Rpi 3!
 - Linux OS





RASPBERRY PI MODEL COMPARISON

Pi 1 B	Pi 1 B+	Pi 2 Model B+	Pi Zero	Pi 3 Model B+
256MB RAM	512MB Ram	1GB Ram	512MB RAM	1GB Ram
2 USB Port	4 USB Ports	4 USB Ports	1 Micro USB	4 USB Ports
26 GPIO Pins	40 GPIO Pins	40 GPIO Pins	40 GPIO Pins	40 GPIO Pins
700MHz CPU	700MHz CPU	900MHz quad- core CPU	1 GHz CPU	1.2GHz 64-bit quad- core CPU
SD Card	Micro SD Card	Micro SD Card	Micro SD Card	Micro SD Card
HDMI	HDIMI	HDMI	Micro HDMI	HDMI
Ethernet	Ethernet	Ethernet		Ethernet
				WiFi
				Bluetooth

RASPBERRY PI MODELS







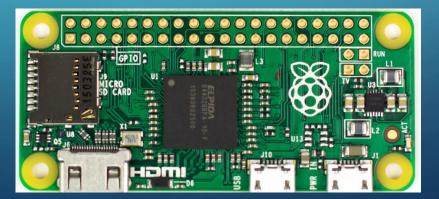


Pi 1 B

Pi 1 B+

Pi 2 B+

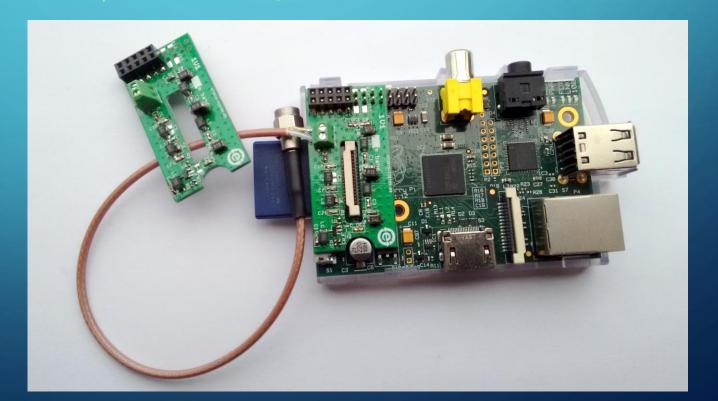
Pi 3 B+



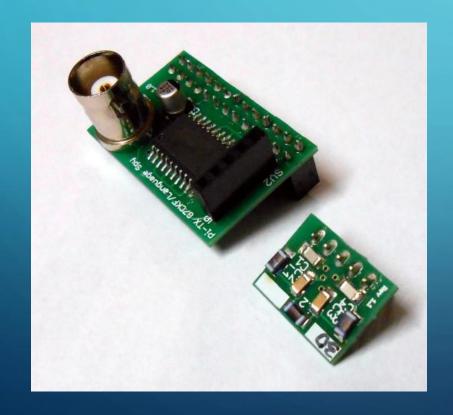
Pi Zero

- Build a low power transmitter!
 - Language Spy RPi-TX A software based Raspberry Pi transmitter:
 - Connect an antenna to GPIO Pin
 - Software generated RF!
 - CW, FM, AM, SSB, SSTV, FSK, WSPR transmissions possible
 - http://hackaday.com/2015/11/04/rpitx-turns-rasberry-pi-into-versatile-radio-transmitter/
- PROBLEM:
 - Generating RF by wiggling a GPIO pin generates a square wave signal
 - Even though output power is low level, a Low Pass filter is highly desirable.

- QRPi (TAPR WSPR-Pi) Sheild:
 - http://rfsparkling.com/qrpi/
 - https://www.tapr.org/kits_20M-wspr-pi.html
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w-OTpw2Ai0k



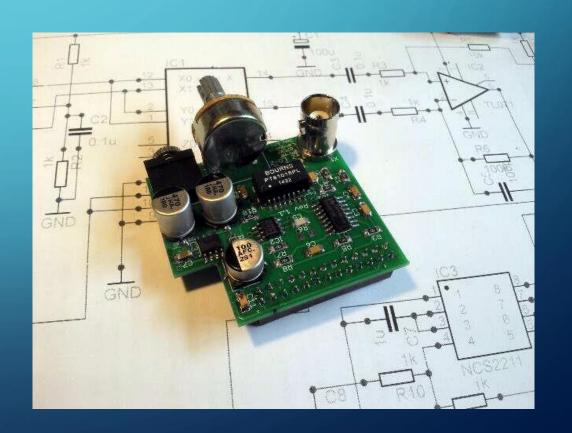
- Language Spy Pi-TX Kit:
 - http://shop.languagespy.com/collections/electronic-kits-for-the-raspberry-pi/
 pi/products/pi-tx-transmitter-kit-for-the-raspberry-pi



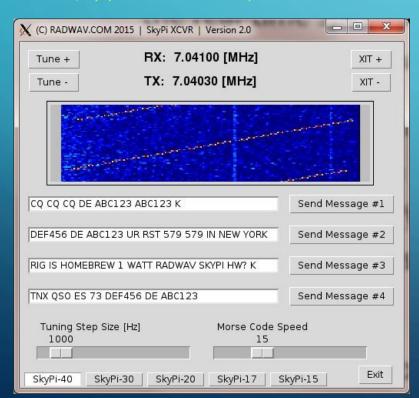


- Language Spy Pi-HF Direct Conversion Receiver Kit:
 - http://shop.languagespy.com/collections/amateur-radio-kits/products/pi-hf-direct-conversion-radio-receiver-for-the-raspberry-pi
 - Pair with Pi-TX for a transceiver
 - Two Raspberry Pi's required





- Raspberry Pi based Transceiver:
 - RadWav SkyPi 20 and 40M kits
 - Outputs 1 W
 - Companion receiver option
 - http://radwav.com/index.html





- Build a Digital Voice Hotspot
 - DVMega Shield for Raspberry Pi
 - Raspberry Pi DVMega board creates a low power simplex repeater
 - D-STAR, System Fusion, DMR, etc.
 - http://www.dvmega.auria.nl/



Add an RTL-SDR USB Dongle







- Inexpensive SDR Receivers that look like USB sticks 25MHz 2200MHz
- Low cost (\$20)
- Wide frequency coverage
- Many uses

Transmit capable USB SDR Dongles:

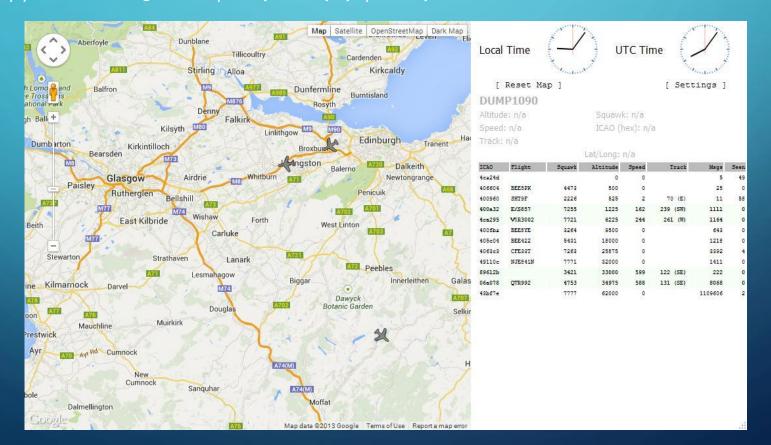


HackRF - \$300



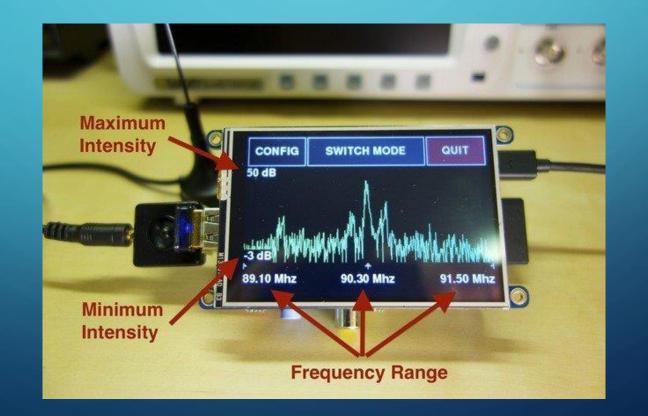
BladeRF - \$400 +

- An Rpi / RTL-SDR USB Dongle can track airplanes
 - Dump 1090 / Flight Aware
 - Tracking software receives aircraft transponder signals using SDR
 - http://www.satsignal.eu/raspberry-pi/dump1090.html

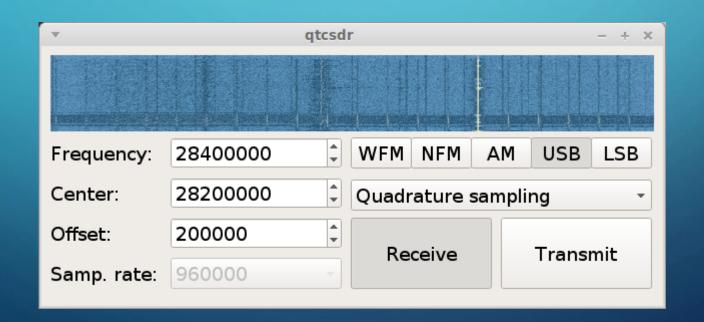


- An Rpi / RTL-SDR USB Dongle can track airplanes
 - Decode ACARS (Aircraft Communications Addressing and Reporting System) messages
 - Air to Air
 - Air to Ground
 - https://sourceforge.net/projects/acarsdec/

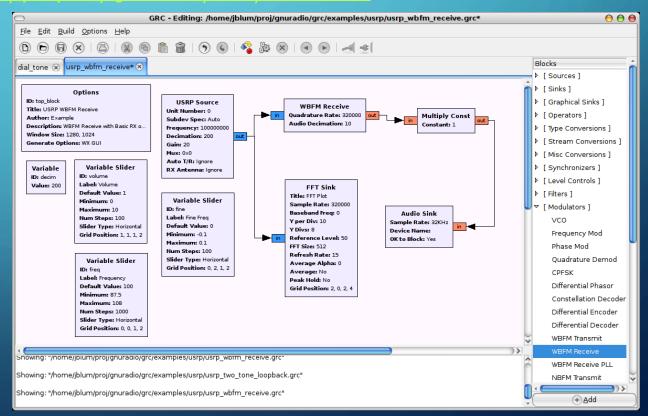
- An RPi / RTL-SDR USB Dongle can serve as:
 - a station monitor receiver
 - A simple spectrum analyzer
 - https://learn.adafruit.com/freq-show-raspberry-pi-rtl-sdr-scanner/overview



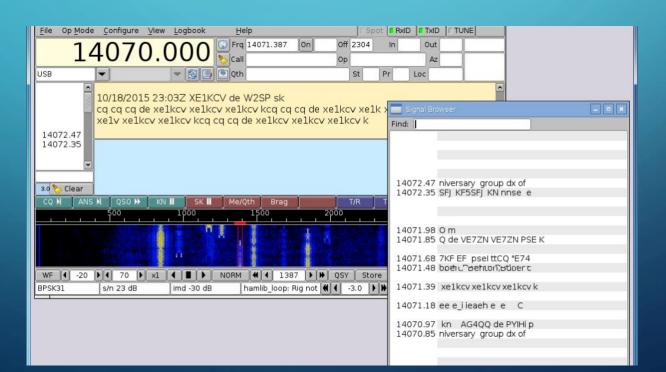
- QTCSDR
 - Pairs RTL-SDR Dongle with Pi-TX to form an SDR Transceiver
 - https://github.com/ha7ilm/qtcsdr



- GNURadio:
 - GNU Radio is a free software development toolkit that provides the signal processing runtime and processing blocks to implement software radios using readily-available, low-cost external RF hardware and commodity processors.
 - Previous examples all use GNURadio tools
 - https://gnuradio.org/redmine/projects/gnuradio/wiki/WhatIsGR



- An Rpi 2 or 3 with a USB sound dongle can be a:
 - Portable station computer
 - Run FLDigi for digital modes
 - Serve as a logging station for portable ops
 - https://www.jeffreykopcak.com/2015/10/13/running-fldigi-flmsg-and-flwrap-on-the-raspberry-pi-2/



GETTING STARTED

- Get a Raspberry Pi (Pi 3B+ recommended)
 - Google "Raspberry Pi"
 - https://www.adafruit.com/?q=ras&
 - http://www.mcmelectronics.com/content/en-US/raspberry-pi
- You will also need:
 - USB Keyboard
 - USB Mouse
 - I use Logitech wireless keyboard with trackpad
 - Monitor (HDMI is best)
 - 4GB or larger Micro SD card to hold "Image" file.
 - Internet connection
 - PC to download Raspberry Pi OS "Image" and write to the SD card.

GETTING STARTED

- The Raspberry Pi uses the SD card as its "hard drive". You will need an image file from:
 - https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/
- The hardest part about getting started the first time is getting the RPi "image" onto the SD card
 - Not really hard, it's just intimidating the first time you try it.
- Instructions for setting up the SD cards are here:
 - https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/installation/installing-images/README.md
- Alternately, you can purchase an SD card with a pre-installed image.

MORE TIPS AND INFORMATION

- If you get stuck, there are lots of resources on the Internet. Search for "Setting up a Raspberry Pi" and you will find lots of resources.
- https://www.raspberrypi.org/help/quick-start-guide/
- The Raspberry Pi is a Linux based computer. A good Linux reference guide may be very useful if you're not familiar with Linux.
- Seek out a Linux "elmer"

